

# Curriculum Vitae

## Timothy Bede Chaston

### Summary

- 15 high ranking journal publications and a monograph,
- 7 years of biomedical laboratory and teaching experience,
- 10 years of scientific and medical writing experience,
- 8 years of presentations at international conferences,
- Medical, pharmaceutical and academic work history.

### Employment History

#### 2006 – 2009

**Postdoctoral research associate; King's College London, London UK.**

##### *Laboratory*

Project management, animal handling, cell culture, PCR, immunohistochemistry, confocal microscopy, western blotting, ELISA, micro array, promoter analysis and assay, and radioactive isotope assays.

##### *Data analysis*

Analysis of variance, t-test, non parametric tests, Chi squared, F-test, exponents, logarithms, quadratic equations, and permutations.

##### *Communication*

Undergraduate lecturing, publication and abstract writing, grant application writing, oral presentations at international conferences.

#### 2005 – 2006

**Medical writer; Centre for Obesity Research and Education, Monash University, Melbourne Australia.**

##### *Literature*

Systematic and exhaustive retrieval of relevant journal publications, tabulation and meta-analysis of data.

##### *Data analysis*

Analysis of variance, t-test, non parametric analysis, Chi squared, frequency distributions, analysis of variance, correlation techniques, sampling theory, factor analysis, extensive use of SPSS statistical software.

##### *Communication*

Graphical representation of data, medical writing, abstract writing preparation of educational materials, oral presentations at conferences, publication planning and preparation.

#### 2004 – 2005

**Technical writer; Mayne Pharmaceuticals, Melbourne Australia.**

Preparation and cyclical review of SOP's and OI's conforming to prescribed style and format.

**2004, 2006**

**Contract Scientific Writer;**

**Holding Redlich Law firm:** Systematic literature review of stress related CVD outcomes.

**ESH connect inc:** Literature review of industrial pollutants and health risks.

**2001 – 2004**

**PhD Student; University of New South Wales, Sydney Australia.**

*Laboratory*

Project management, cell culture, PCR, western blotting, radioactive isotope assays, chemical assays, DNA manipulation.

*Data analysis*

Analysis of variance, t-test, exponents, logarithms, quadratic equations, and permutations.

*Communication*

Publication and abstract writing, oral presentations at international conferences, presentation of results to directors of funding bodies.

**2000 - 2001**

**Store Manager; Heart Research Institute, Sydney Australia.**

Management of all laboratory consumables, tissue culture facilities, general scientific needs.

## **Education**

**Bachelor of Applied Science (BAppSci):**

Environmental and Analytical Chemistry, University of Canberra. 1999

**Doctor of Philosophy (PhD):**

Iron Metabolism and Chelation Program, Childrens Cancer Institute Australia for Medical Research. Department of Paediatrics, University of New South Wales. 2004

## **Publications:**

**TB Chaston, P Matak , K Pourvali, SK Srail, AT McKie, PA Sharp. (2011) *Am J Physiol Cell Physiol*.**

Hypoxia inhibits hepcidin expression in HuH7 hepatoma cells via decreased SMAD4 signaling.

**SK Srail, B Chung, J Marks, K Pourvali, N Solanky, C Rapisarda, TB Chaston, R Hanif, RJ Unwin, ES Debnam, PA Sharp. (2010) *Kidney Int. Oct;78(7):660-7*.**

Erythropoietin regulates intestinal iron absorption in a rat model of chronic renal failure.

**TB Chaston and DR Richardson 2009. Verlag Dr Muller publishing. ISBN: 978-3-639-14780-3.**

Cytotoxic Mechanisms of Iron Chelators with Therapeutic Potential.

**B Chung, T Chaston, J Marks, SK Srail, PA Sharp. (2009) *J Nutr. Aug;139(8):1457-62*.**

Hepcidin decreases iron transporter expression in vivo in mouse duodenum and spleen and in vitro in THP-1 macrophages and intestinal Caco-2 cells.

**P Matak, TB Chaston, B Chung, SK Srail, AT McKie, PA Sharp. (2009) *Haematologica. Jun;94(6):773-80*.**

Activated macrophages induce hepcidin expression in HuH7 hepatoma cells.

**TB Chaston, JB Dixon. (2008) *Int J Obes (Lond). 32(4):619-28*.**

Factors associated with percent change in visceral versus subcutaneous abdominal fat during weight loss: findings from a systematic review.

**T Chaston, B Chung, M Mascarenhas, J Marks, B Patel, SK Srail, P Sharp. (2008) *Gut. 57(3):374-82*.**

Evidence for differential effects of hepcidin in macrophages and intestinal epithelial cells.

**VP Alvarez, JB Dixon, BJ Strauss, CP Laurie, TB Chaston, PE O'Brien. (2007) *Obes Surg. Feb;17(2):211-21***

Single frequency bioelectrical impedance is a poor method for determining fat mass in moderately obese women.

**PE O'Brien, T McPhail, TB Chaston and JB Dixon. (2006) *Obesity Surgery***

Systematic review of medium term weight loss after bariatric procedures.

**TB Chaston, JB Dixon and PE O'Brien. (2006) *International Journal of Obesity***

Changes in fat free mass during significant weight loss: a systematic review.

**TB Chaston, RN Watts, J Yuan, and DR Richardson. (2004) *Clinical Cancer Research 10(21):7365-74*.**

The Potent Anti-Tumor Activity of Novel Iron Chelators Derived from Di-2-Pyridylketone Isonicotinoyl Hydrazone Involves Fenton-Derived Free Radical Generation.

**PV Bernhardt, LM Caldwell, TB Chaston, P Chin and DR Richardson. (2003) *Journal of Biological and Inorganic Chemistry 8:866-880*.**

Cytotoxic iron chelators: characterisation of the structure, solution chemistry and redox activity of ligands and iron complexes of the di-2-pyridyl ketone isonicotinoyl hydrazone (HPKIH) analogues.

**TB Chaston and DR Richardson. (2003) *American Journal of Hematology 73:200-210*.**

Iron Chelators for the Treatment of Iron Overload Disease: Relationship Between Structure, Redox Activity, and Toxicity.

**TB Chaston and DR Richardson. (2003) *Journal of Biological and Inorganic Chemistry 8:427-438*.**

Interactions of the pyridine-2-carboxaldehyde isonicotinoyl hydrazone class of chelators with iron and DNA: implications for toxicity in the treatment of iron overload disease.

**TB Chaston, DB Lovejoy, RN Watts, DR Richardson. (2003) *Clinical Cancer Research 9:402-414*.**

Examination of the Antiproliferative Activity of Iron Chelators: Multiple Cellular Targets and the Different Mechanisms of Action of Triapine Compared with Desferrioxamine and the Potent Pyridoxal Isonicotinoyl Hydrazone Analogue 311.

**TB Chaston and BA Lidbury. (2001) *Immunology and Cell Biology 79:62-64*.**

Genetic 'budget' of viruses and the cost to the infected host: A theory on the relationship between the genetic capacity of viruses, immune evasion, persistence and disease.

## **Oral Presentations at International Conferences**

### **BioIron 2001 Cairns, Australia**

Title: Therapeutic Iron Chelators of the PCIH Class do not Promote Fenton Chemistry.

### **Australian Society for Medical Research 2002 Sydney, Australia**

Title: Therapeutic Iron Chelators of the PCIH class: Redox Activity and DNA Binding Properties.

### **Biometals and Antioxidants in Health and Disease 2002 Monastir, Tunisia**

Title: The Potential of Iron Chelators in the Treatment of Friedreichs Ataxia.

### **Mutagenesis and Experimental Pathology Society of Australasia 2003 Hobart, Australia**

Title: The Iron Chelators 311 and Triapine exert Antineoplastic Effects via Different Mechanisms.

### **Friedreichs Ataxia Research Alliance 2003 Bethesda, USA**

Title: Iron Chelators have Potential in the Treatment of Friedreich's Ataxia.

### **International Congress on Obesity 2006 Sydney Australia**

Title: Changes in fat free mass during significant weight loss: A systematic review.

### **BioIron 2007 Kyoto, Japan**

Title: Evidence for differential effects of hepcidin in macrophages and intestinal epithelial cells.

### **Cambridge Physiological Society Congress 2008, Cambridge, UK**

Title: Mouse duodenal iron transport is decreased following chronic exposure to hepcidin.

### **European Iron Club 2008, St Gallen, Switzerland**

Title: Activated macrophages induce hepatic hepcidin expression by secreting IL-1 $\beta$ .